## Nihon Kohden Wide Band EEG Analysis Tool

In the evaluation of EEG signals, there is likely benefit from examination of both low amplitude high frequency activity (high frequency oscillations or HFOs) and infra slow activity (DC shifts). While there is benefit from independent examination, the ability to evaluate both ends of the EEG frequency spectrum simultaneously can potentially yield useful information for the clinician. Other frequency ranges can also be selected for independent filtering, for specific clinical use case situations (such as gamma for functional mapping). Nihon Kohden's EEG Suite (Neurofax, version 05-03), provides a Wide Band EEG analysis Tool with such functionality. This overview will present the computational basis for this tool, options and configurations, and a discussion of the various parameters in the Wide Band EEG Analysis tool.

### Specifications of Nihon Kohden's Amplifiers

One important consideration is the specification of the amplifier used for the EEG data recording. In addition, the user should be comfortable with the specific protocol recording parameters. For example, the maximum EEG frequency range to be analyzed will be determined by the amplifier and protocol sample rate used during signal acquisition. Infra slow EEG activity will be impacted by the selected amplifier time constant filter. The following specifications assume extended file format is utilized to allow for both high sample rate and channel count.

#### JE-120A, High Density EEG Amplifier

Capable of recording up to 256 EEG channels. Sample rate up to 10,000 Hz per channel depending on number of recording channels selected (64 channels @ 10KHz, 128 channels @ 5KHz, 192 and 256 channels @ 2KHz). Time constant selectable at 2s (0.08 LFF) or 10s (0.016 LFF). Dynamic range selectable at +/- 3.2mV or +/- 12.8mV.<sup>1</sup>

#### WEE-1200A Wireless EEG Amplifier

Capable of recording up to 64 EEG channels. Sample rate up to 4,000 Hz per channel depending on wired versus wireless mode. Time constant selectable at 2s (0.08 LFF) or 10s (0.016 LFF). Dynamic range selectable at +/- 3.2mV or +/- 12.8mV.<sup>2</sup>

#### JE-921A EEG Amplifier

Capable of recording 25 EEG channels, with 4 additional channels selectable as EEG or bipolar inputs, and 3 additional bipolar only inputs. Sample rate up to 1,000 Hz per channel. Time constant of 2s (0.08 Hz) and dynamic range of +/- 3.2 mV.<sup>3</sup>

### Time Range and Frequency Selection

There are multiple EEG time range options for the end user to display EEG data. The time range selected will have an obvious impact on some analysis parameters, however the user can dynamically select the display method that optimizes the display of signals across the EEG frequency spectrum. Selectable options are: +/- 1s (second), 2.5s, 5s, 10s, 30s, and 60s. This time frame is based

- <sup>2</sup> WEE-1200A operators manual
- <sup>3</sup> JE-921A operators manual



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> JE-120A operators manual

on the location of the cursor within the EEG, such that if the +/- 30s option is selected, a 60 second window is analyzed with 30 seconds of information displayed before and after the cursor. In addition, a user selected time range of EEG can be utilized. A consideration should be made of the type of EEG signal activity to be analyzed. Due to the nature of the infra slow EEG activity, typically a wider analysis time range will likely yield more useful information. If the EEG activity to be analyzed is specifically HFO (fast), a shorter time window might be desirable.

Minimum and maximum EEG frequency ranges can be selected to provide a more detailed analysis within a selected frequency range. For example, if only HFOs are being analyzed, a range of 80-600 Hz might be desirable. Typical settings for wide band analysis would be a minimum of 0 Hz o 500 or 600 Hz. Analysis can be performed from a minimum frequency as defined by the amplifier set time constant, up to the maximum EEG frequency allowed (Nyquist) based on sample rate.

## Wide Band EEG Analysis Options

The Wide Band EEG Analysis Tool provides user selectable signal time frame and frequency range display tools for EEG signals. The analysis methods available are:

- Short Term FFT (fast fourier transform)
- Complex Demodulation
- Wavelet

### Short Term FFT

Fast fourier transform with a Hanning window (Figure 1) is utilized for analysis with frequency resolution described as:

 $\Delta f = \frac{f_s}{N}$ 

S

with frequency resolution of  $\Delta f$ , sampling frequency of  $f_s$ , and sample number for analysis of N. Sampling interval in frequency is above "frequency resolution". Sample number for analysis can be decided with the equation:

 $N = \frac{f_s}{\Delta f'}$ , which is then the time window for FFT analysis.

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○ +-10 sec.	С	+-5 sec.					
○ +-2.5 sec.	С	+-1 sec.					
$\bigcirc$ Whole page	O Whole page						
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Minimum Frequency: 0.0000			Hz				
Analysis parameters (Advanced)							
Sampling interval in time:		5 000		ms			
Sampling interval in time.		0.2125		1.1-			
Sampling interval in frequency:		0.3125		Hz			
CDM Cutoff Frequency:		5.0000		Hz			
Wavelet width:		25					
C	Start Analysi	s	Car	cel			

Figure 1



### **Complex Demodulation**

Complex demodulation is utilized (Figure 2) for extraction of the instantaneous frequency and envelope. Sampling interval in frequency is for the initial FFT spectra as above.

Sampling interval in time is the time window to be used for the demodulation calculations.

The CDM cutoff frequency is to define the low pass for purposes of the analysis.

### Wavelet

Complex Morlet analysis (Figure 3) of the wavelets is utilized. This is described as:

$$\psi = \left(\sigma\sqrt{\pi}\right)^{-1/2} e^{-t^2/2\sigma^2} e^{-i2\pi ft}$$
$$\sigma = \frac{L}{2\pi f}$$

L: Wavelet width of right figure

f: Target frequency

t: Time

Setup Analysis		×	Setup Analysis	×
Analysis time range ● +-60 sec. ○ +-10 sec. ○ +-2.5 sec. ○ Whole page	○ +-30 sec. ○ +-5 sec. ○ +-1 sec. ○ Selected range		Analysis time range	<ul> <li>○ +-30 sec.</li> <li>● +-5 sec.</li> <li>○ +-1 sec.</li> <li>○ Selected range</li> </ul>
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Start Analy	vsis Cancel		Start An	alysis Cancel



### Working within the Wide Band EEG Analysis Results

Once EEG signal analysis has been completed, the following results window (Figure 4) is displayed: (+/-30s used for time range of an intracranial monitoring seizure onset).

In this example (Figure 4), all channels are displayed, using the display montage from the EEG Review Suite (Nihon Kohden Neurofax, version 05-03). The number of electrodes displayed, number of rows, and columns can be configured using the Display Settings (Figure 5).

This can be useful for a more detailed examination of a subgroup of EEG electrodes, or when customizing the presentation to create graphics for publication.

All channels are still present (Figure 6), though only the selected number are on a screen at one time, with navigation to other channels available through the scroll bar at the bottom.





Figure 6

Wide-band EEG analysis		- 5	· ^
File Analysis Display Settings Time Frequency Display Waveform Display			
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10.00			

Figure 4



Functions and icons (explored in depth in next section) Display scale for frequency Temporal spectral evolution, frequency changes over time Based on minimum and maximum frequency Electrodes for analysis are displayed in the top left selected at time of analysis - T meine tag en ging binden bigter Lap 1 | A d d te 200 00 UN LUKAN 0 10 10 -1.00 50 uV Baseline / <mark>]</mark>20 uV e:10.0 % 10 JV Figure 7 Time scale, baseline indication (in purple), scale EEG waveforms at differing filters and colors, customizable and as selected in for EEG waveforms, and scale for power band display in TSE Waveform Setup

For purposes of exploring the signal display in detail, a single electrode will be selected and used in Figure 7 above.



### Waveform Setup

Waveform setup is used in Figure 8 to select the 4 EEG tracings, filter settings, sensitivity, and colors for the overlapped EEG waveforms. These settings are used to visualize differing EEG waveforms in an overlapped signal display to evaluate artifact while providing a more detailed view of simultaneous activity.

For the example used here, the following were the settings used. These are customizable for the particular clinical use case. Filters can be set (or selected to be unused) independently for low cut, high cut, and AC filter (as selected in the recording protocol for 50 or 60 Hz). Forward or zero phase, and slope of filtering in the case of zero phase; forward at 6 db/oct (LFF) and 6 or 12 or 24 db/oct (HFF), zero phase at 12, 24, and 48 db/oct. Color for display and initial sensitivity may also be selected here.

Please note Figure 9, some studies and clinicians prefer slightly differing frequency range definitions for ripple and fast ripple, and these could also be used. The slope of filtering is of particular importance in looking at HFOs as a zero phase sharp roll off might be desired.

These settings (Figure 10) impact the overlapped EEG waveforms displayed and the statistical analysis for selected ranges of activity within the TSE window. Activity of interest within this window allows for a selectable box to be used to both evaluate the activity statistics of these frequency bands as well as compare to corresponding areas within other channels.

















#### Figure 11

A left mouse drag window (seen in Figure 11) can be used to select a specific section of EEG. The menu box is displayed with amplitude, positive and negative values, and the frequency bands as defined in the Waveform Setup area. The corresponding selection within the other electrode channels and montage are also displayed for activity comparison. In addition, this function can be used to select a differing area for a baseline (for analysis purposes) if desired or indicated.



📧 Wide-band EEG analysis

File Analysis Display Settings Time Frequency Display Waveform Display

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#### Figure 12

### Additional Functions

Additional functions (Figure 12) and configuration options are also available, both in drop down menu and icon format, to allow for fine tuning the display options as needed. These additional functions and uses are:

#### File:

• Save as bitmap . This function saves the displayed results as a graphic in bitmap format. This is useful for inclusion in a clinical report or for use in publications.

#### Analysis:

 Start Analysis I I. This function bring back up the Setup Analysis window and will rerun analysis if a different analysis configuration is desired. This can be useful to use the same selection of activity, but with a comparative need to evaluate in a differing analysis design.

### **Display Settings:**

Show Time Frequency analysis data stf.
 Allows to select to display or not display the quantitative

## **EEG Display of the Analysis**

 Show Waveform ~. Allows to select to display or not display the overlapped EEG waveforms within the analysis window.

Large 10

 Set the number of rows and columns Allows to define the number of rows and columns of electrodes displayed. Also allows selection to quickly display all channels in an automatic layout.



 Show Sens bar. Allows to turn on or off the display of the tool bar for increase and decrease of individual EEG waveform channels.



- Show Montage. Allows to turn on or off the overlaid montage channels on each analysis window.
- Show Analysis Info. Turns on or off the display of the analysis settings used as displayed in the bottom of the analysis window.



### Time Frequency Display:

- Absolute Power/Amplitude vs Temporal Spectral Evolution TSE. Allows to select if the spectrogram displays using Absolute Power/ Amplitude or Temporal Spectral Evolution. Note that changing this display method will also corresponding change the spectral scale at the bottom of the window to Power/ Amplitude versus Log or Percentage as selected.
- Amplitude versus Power Pw. Allows to select if the quantitative display uses amplitude (uV) or power (uV^2). Scale for quantitative measure, if using Amplitude/Power will also change accordingly.
- Percent or Log display on TSE Log. For TSE display, selects if the activity is displayed in a percentage (0-100%) versus a log (-1 to 1) format.
- Smoothing. Selects if the quantitative display is smoothed or not.

### Waveform Display:

- Show or hide individual EEG waveforms based on filtered parameters named 1/2/3/4/.
- Waveform Setup 🗊 . Brings up the window (as previously described) used to name and configure the individual EEG waveforms.
- Baseline Correction. Allows to turn on or off the baseline selection. By default the initial 10% is used for the baseline, or as selectively defined.

### Toolbar Options:

- Gain up or down 1 . Increases or decreases the gain of the spectral display. Note the corresponding change of the scale at the bottom of the analysis window.
- Autoscaling of EEG waveforms
   Autoscaling Small
   Allows for automatic scaling of all EEG waveforms or adjustment of all display gains.
- Paging control **Allows** for moving analysis window forward or backward by one page or 1/10th of a page. This allows easy arrangement of activity display to optimize viewing of wide band activity.







For more information, please contact us at 1-800-325-0283 or visit us.nihonkohden.com



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